Braves Middle Distance and Long Sprint Philosophy

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## Personal Introduction

- 1987 Osawatomie HS grad with PRs of 4:35, 2:02(relay split), :52.8(relay split) and 10:29(CC).
- 1992 Ottawa University grad with PRs of 4:01 (1500), 1:56, 9:48(Indoor 2 mile), 15:48(Road), 26:50 (8K).
- Avid road racer from 1993-2009. Still somewhat active. Boston Marathon qualifier 2008, 2009 and 2010.


## Coaching Experience

- Paola Panthers 1992-2007
- Bonner Springs Braves 2007-Present
- 22 years of both CC and Track


## Athlete Accomplishments (place)

| State | 400 | $4 \times 4$ | 800 | $4 \times 8$ | Distance | Other <br> Events |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Champs | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 15 |
| Runner-up | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 10 |
| Placers | 5 | 7 | 13 | 12 | 32 |  |
| Qualifiers | 12 | 23 | 22 | 21 |  |  |
| CC Team <br> Qualifiers |  | Girls- 13 | Boys- 8 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Athlete Accomplishments (time)

| Boys sub 2:00 | 8 | Sub 2:05 | $18(26)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Girls sub 2:25 | 9 | sub 2:30 | $9(18)$ |
| Boys sub 50 | 11 |  |  |
| Girls sub 62 | 13 |  |  |
| Boys 4x8 sub 8:30 | 17 |  |  |
| Girls 4x8 sub 10:10 | 12 |  |  |
| Boys 4x4 sub 3:32 | 16 |  |  |
| Girls 4x4 sub 4:15 | 12 |  |  |

## Coaching Guidelines

1. Give back.
2. Commit to improving every year.
3. Leave your mind open to new things.
4. Make kids a priority.
5. Become a student of the sport.
6. Get parents involved.
7. Coach with integrity. Be a positive example.

## Advice for New Coaches

- Find a mentor. Not just someone else on your coaching staff but someone from another school. Veteran HS Track and CC coaches are more than happy to share what they do.
- Steal other coaches methods. Everything I do has been stolen from someone else. I truly have nothing original to offer.
- Always continue to listen to other coaches ideas. Keep the ones you like and add them to your own bag of tricks.
- Go to clinics as often as possible. I go to two or three per year. In 22 years, l've never gone to a clinic and not added something to my repertoire.


## The Twins Effect

- 2008: The Walker twins transferred to BSHS. At the State meet these two won the following events: $100 \mathrm{M}, 200 \mathrm{M}, 110 \mathrm{H}$ ( $1^{\text {st }}$ and $2^{\text {nd }}$ ), Long Jump, and $4 \times 1$ (state record). They were in the $11^{\text {th }}$ grade.
- 2009: Our $4 \times 1$ was just as strong as 2008. This pushed all the young sprinters up into the Long Sprint area (400/800). We had $39^{\text {th }}$ graders that ran under 2:05 and in the 53s. I also had a $10^{\text {th }}$ grader that ran $2: 00$ and 50.5. Any other year and these kids are running 100, 200, 4x1 events.
- 2010: Our "Long Sprint" philosophy paid off. We had a $4 \times 8$ that ran 8:20. A $4 \times 4$ that ran 3:24.24 ( $2^{\text {nd }}$ at state). And a $4 \times 1$ that ran 43.7 for $3^{\text {rd }}$ at state. The $4 \times 4$ and $4 \times 1$ were the same 4 kids. The $4 \times 8$ contained three of those 4. (Brooks Ballou also ran the 3200 for $5^{\text {th }}$ at State.)
- Present: To this day we get our kids into the correct events. The $4 \times 1$, $4 \times 4$, and $4 \times 8$ will often be the same $5-6$ kids. In the past 4 years, we've had a $4 \times 4$ under 3:32 every year. A $4 \times 8$ under 8:25 every year.


## Types of Mid-Distance Runners

- $100 \mathrm{M}-400 \mathrm{M}$ type: These will spend more time with the sprint coach than with me. I'll usually have them for 1 day a week.
- 200M-800M type: These will spend 1-2 days each week with the sprint crew but most days with me.
- 400M-1600M type: These will spend more time on aerobic running than the others. These will spend very little time with the sprint crew.


## Physical and Mental Characteristics

- Both the 400 M and the 800 M are aerobic-deficient events. This means the oxygen needed for the race is higher than the oxygen taken in during the race. This also means that anaerobic training is equally (if not more) important as aerobic training.
- 100-400 type: More explosive runners. They have the mental toughness to stretch out to the 400M but usually don't have the endurance to hold on for an 800 M . Usually found on both the $4 \times 4$ and $4 \times 1$. Rarely run CC in fall.
- 200-800 type: Usually don't have the explosiveness needed for the 100 M but have the speed to run the $4 \times 1,4 \times 4$ and the $4 \times 8$. They have some endurance but usually not enough to be an effective Miler. These kids are tough and run efficiently. Sometimes run CC in fall.
- 400-1600 type: These are usually Milers that have enough speed to run the $4 \times 4$ but usually don't run the open 400M. 1600-800-4x4 would be a typical track meet for them. Almost always run CC in fall.


## Clyde Hart Excerpt

Introduction: The 400 Meter Dash is an endurance spring incorporating the speed of the sprinter and the endurance of the half miler. It is considered by many to be one of the most demanding and grueling of competitive events. Usually the 400 meter runner will fall into two distinct categories- Sprinter types and half-miler types. Both of these Types have had their share of success over the years. Occasionally you will find an athlete who possesses some characteristics of both the sprinter and half milers.

Michael Johnson, a former Baylor University and World Champion in both the 200 and 400 metes is a prime example of the sprinter type 400 runner. However, he has developed his strength and endurance over the years to the level now that he can better maintain his superior speed over a longer distance than his competitors.

# Testing Indicators for the <br> Long Sprints 

400-200-200<br>300-300-200<br>5 sec per lap rule<br>Double 400 pr + 10 sec

## Season Planning

- Once you've tested your runners with a 400-200-200 or a 300-300-200. Then you can start planning out your competitive season. Some meets would emphasize shorter faster races while other weeks might emphasize strength which may push your 800 M kid up to the 1600 M or 3200 M .
- Race combinations that I prefer: $4 \times 8,800 \mathrm{M}, 4 \times 4$. Or $1600 \mathrm{M}, 800 \mathrm{M}, 4 \times 4$. Sometimes if the $4 \times 8$ is early we'll do this: $4 \times 8,4 \times 1,400 \mathrm{M}, 4 \times 4$. Or $4 \times 8,4 \times 1,800 \mathrm{M}, 4 \times 4$.
- In case you haven't noticed, I like to race my top kids in 3-4 races per meet up to League. We consider the regular season meets to be a third "interval" day. I will also toy around with relay orders so that I can figure out the mentality of my team.


## Building a Mid-Distance/Long Sprint program

- Planning: Failing to plan is planning to fail. At Bonner we head into each season with the entire season's training written out. Weather and other circumstances often dictate that we alter plans but for the most part we will get the key workouts done that are prescribed for each 2 week cycle.
- Splits: For the 800, I take splits for every 200M. For the 400, I try to get the 200 M and 300 M splits. This is not always easy.
- Record Keeping: I keep a detailed log for all my kids and do not throw them away after they graduate. Not every kid races the same and the more info you have, the easier it is to identify these needs.
- Relays: We put an added importance on relays. And we practice handoffs almost daily. We also practice cutting in for the $4 \times 8$ and $4 \times 4$ races. It's also not uncommon for us to run intervals carrying batons.


## Split Differential for 800M

- Use it while you got it.
- +2.5-3.5 positive split
- Dave Wottle exception.
- It should be noted that Championship races can often be negative splits. Blame this on the "sit and kick" mentality.


## 800M World Records with Split Differential

| Athlete | Year | Finish Time | 1st lap | 2nd lap | Differential |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Glen Cunningham | 1936 | $1: 49.7$ | 53.7 | 56.0 | +2.3 |
| Peter Snell | 1962 | $1: 44.3$ | 50.6 | 53.7 | +2.9 |
| Jim Ryan | 1966 | $1: 44.3$ | 52.9 | 51.4 | -1.7 |
| Dave Wottle | 1972 | $1: 44.3$ | 52.9 | 51.4 | -1.5 |
| Alberto Juanterano | 1976 | $1: 43.5$ | 50.9 | 52.6 | +1.7 |
| Alberto Juanterano | 1977 | $1: 43.44$ | 51.4 | 52.0 | +.06 |
| Seb Coe | 1979 | $1: 42.33$ | 50.6 | 51.7 | +1.1 |
| Seb Coe | 1981 | $1: 41.73$ | 49.7 | 52 | +2.3 |
| Wilson Kipketer | 1997 | $1: 41.73$ | 49.6 | 52.1 | +2.5 |
| Wilson Kipketer | 1997 | $1: 41.24$ | 48.3 | 52.9 | +4.6 |
| Wilson Kipketer | 1997 | $1: 41.11$ | 49.3 | 51.8 | +2.5 |
| David Rudisha | 2010 | $1: 41.09$ | 49.1 | 52.0 | +2.9 |
| David Rudisha | 2010 | $1: 41.01$ | 48.3 | 52.7 | +4.4 |
| David Rudisha | 2010 | $1: 40.91$ | 49.3 | 51.6 | +2.3 |

## 2014 State 800M

|  | School | Overall Time | 1st lap | 2nd lap | Differential |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Osa | 1:54.84 | 57.91 | 56.93 | - |
| 2 | Wich NW | 1:55.23 | 58.57 | 56.66 | - |
| 3 | Dodge City | 1:55.43 | 58.16 | 57.27 | - |
| 4 | Free State | 1:56.69 | 58.73 | 57.96 | - |
| 5 | Winfield | 1:56.76 | 58.02 | 58.74 | + |
| 6 | Bonner | 1:57.13 | 58.69 | 58.44 | - |
| 7 | Sacred Heart | 1:57.14 | 57.38 | 59.76 | + |
| 8 | Mill Valley | 1:57.42 | 57.95 | 59.47 | + |
| 9 | Scott City | 1:57.47 | 58.57 | 58.90 | + |
| 10 | Beloit | 1:57.52 | 57.23 | 60.29 | + |
| 11 | St James | 1:57.53 | 56.46 | 61.06 | + |
| 12 | Baldwin | 1:57.63 | 58.83 | 58.80 | - |
| 1 | Olathe E | 2:16.91 | 66.69 | 70.23 | + |
| 2 | Winfield | 2:17.27 | 67.66 | 69.61 | + |
| 3 | Free State | 2:17.80 | 66.50 | 71.29 | + |
| 4 | Garden City | 2:18.92 | 67.02 | 71.90 | + |
| 5 | St James | 2:18.95 | 66.98 | 71.97 | + |
| 6 | Dodge City | 2:19.96 | 67.59 | 72.37 | + |
| 7 | Maranatha | 2:20.91 | 70.49 | 70.42 | - |
| 8 | Free State | 2:20.92 | 68.61 | 72.31 | + |



The Wottle Exception.
Each 200M at the 1972 Olympics was 26.X.

## How to run a 400M race

- There are many ways to race the 400 m , but I prefer running the first 200 m within one second of your SB (season best), and then the next 200 m within 2 seconds of the opening 200 m . So a $20.0 \mathrm{sec} \mathrm{SB} / \mathrm{PB}$ will result in splits of $21+23=44$, with the opening 200 m with blocks. That's a differential of 2 seconds, but anywhere between 1 and 2 is good.
- LaShawn Merritt runs his opening 200 m within 1.5 sec of his 200 m PB with a differential of close to 1 second!


## Split differential for 400M.

|  | 2013 WC 400m Race Splits |  |  |  |  | 1st 200-200 pb 2nd 200-1st 200 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Athlete | 1st 200 | nd 200 | 1st 300 | ast 100 | 200 PB | sec | \% | sec | \% |
| Christine Ohuruogu | 23.80 | 25.60 | 35.70 | 13.30 | 22.85 | 0.95 | 95.84\% | 1.80 | 92.44\% |
| Amantle Montsho | 23.34 | 26.00 | 35.00 | 13.70 | 22.89 | 0.45 | 98.03\% | 2.66 | 88.60\% |
| Antonia Krivoshapka | 23.50 | 26.30 | 36.00 | 13.00 | 23.03 | 0.47 | 97.96\% | 2.80 | 88.09\% |
| Stephanie McPherson | 23.70 | 26.30 | 36.00 | 13.60 | 23.04 | 0.66 | 97.14\% | 2.60 | 89.03\% |
| Natasha Hastings | 23.50 | 26.80 | 36.30 | 14.20 | 22.61 | 0.89 | 96.06\% | 3.30 | 85.96\% |
| Francena McCorory | 23.30 | 27.40 | 35.70 | 15.00 | 22.92 | 0.38 | 98.34\% | 4.10 | 82.40\% |
| Kseniya Ryzhora | 23.60 | 27.40 | 36.30 | 14.70 | 22.91 | 0.69 | 96.99\% | 3.80 | 83.90\% |
| Novlene Williams-Mills | 24.30 | 27.20 | 37.10 | 14.40 | 23.25 | 1.05 | 95.48\% | 2.90 | 88.07\% |
| Fastest | 23.30 | 25.60 | 35.00 | 13.00 | 22.61 | 0.69 | 96.95\% | 2.30 | 90.13\% |
| Slowest | 24.30 | 27.40 | 37.10 | 15.00 | 23.25 | 1.05 | 95.48\% | 3.10 | 87.24\% |
| Average | 23.63 | 26.63 | 36.01 | 13.99 | 22.94 | 0.69 | 96.98\% | 3.00 | 87.33\% |
|  | courtesy SpeedEndurance.com |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Top 800 M that could also run the 400 M effectively.

| Alberto Juanterano | 44.26 | $1: 43.50$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Garry Reed | 45.45 | $1: 43.93$ |
| David Rudisha | 45.13 | $1: 40.91$ |
| Sebastion Coe | 46.87 | $1: 41.73$ |
| Duane Solomon | 45.98 | $1: 42.82$ |
| Johnny Gray | 44.36 | $1: 42.65$ |



## Duane Solomon

400PR=45.98
800PR= 1:42.82
Mile PR=4:03


Wilson, Martinez, Montano and Seb Coe.
(Just too cool to not include.)


## 2013 World Championship 800M Final

Brenda Martinez: 400M PR=51.9
800M PR=1:57.91
1500M PR=4:00.94

## Relay Strategies

- Textbook: Fastest runner $4^{\text {th }}, 2^{\text {nd }}$ fastest runner $1^{\text {st }}$. I love it when I have 4 good runners and can actually follow the textbook.
- Unconventional: Too often, l've only got 3 good runners and that's when the fun starts. How do you hide a slower leg? You usually can't. But sometimes you can get your 3 fast runners to become faster by putting them in the right situation for them.
- Must know your runners. This can't be emphasized enough. Some fast kids aren't tough. Some tough kids aren't fast. You, as the coach, need to identify who and what you have on your team.
- Must know your competition. Not quite as important as the previous concept but still vital to successful racing. $20104 \times 4 . .$.
- Get in the race and stay in it. What ever it takes.


## Relays

- 1995 Boy’s 4x8 (8:24) Textbook- unsuccessful.
- 1996 Girl's $4 \times 8$ (9:51.01) slowest $1^{\text {st }}$, fastest $3^{\text {rd }}$.
- 1998 Girl's 4x8 (9:57) Textbook- unsuccessful.
- 2001-03 Girl's 4x8s (fastest first)
- 2004 Boy's and Girl's 4x8s G- Textbook. B- fastest to slowest.
- 2005 Girl's 4x8 (9:46) Almost textbook.
- 2010 Boy's $4 \times 4$ (3:24.23) fastest $2^{\text {nd }}, 2^{\text {nd }}$ fastest $3^{\text {rd }}$.


## Training for 800M

- Multi-paced workouts. Some workouts will be faster than race pace. Some workouts will be slower than race pace. And some workouts will be at goal race pace.
- Speed workouts. These are 300 M and lower in length. (mostly speed endurance)
- Pace workouts. Almost exclusively 200M repeats.
- Overdistance workouts. 300M and above usually at 1600 M or 3200M race pace.


## Training for $\mathbf{8 0 0} \mathbf{M}$ continued

- It should be noted that the 100-400 athlete will only participate in one or two days a week with the other 800M candidates. And it's usually on a Monday.
- All of our athletes run at least a mile cool down at the end of each practice. That includes most sprinters and jumpers. The 400-800 athlete will usually run 2-3 mile cool downs. This is a great way to add to our Aerobic fitness.
- Most of what we do would be considered Anaerobic in nature.


## 2 week cycle for early season

- Mon: 300 at $100 \%$, followed by $4-6 \times 150$ at $95 \%$. This will normally include anyone running from 100M to 800M.
- Tues: Recovery run.
- Wed: $8 \times 200$ at 30 sec (boys) 35 sec (girls).
- Thurs: Recovery run.
- Friday: $6-8 \times 300 \mathrm{M}$ at mile race pace. Anyone running 400 and below will run the sprinter workout.
- Sat: 4-7 miles. Depends upon off season mileage.
- Mon: 300-300-200 x 2. First 3-3-2 will count as test 800 m .
- Tues: Recovery
- Wed: $8 \times 200$ at 30 sec and 35 sec .
- Thurs: Recovery run.
- Fri: 6-8 x 400 at mile race pace. Anyone running 400 and below will run the sprinter workout.
- Sat: 4-7 miles.


## 2 week cycle for mid-season

- Mon: 350 M at $100 \%$, followed by $6 \times 150$ at $95 \%$.
- Tues: Recovery run.
- Wed: $8 \times 200$ at 30 sec and 35 sec .
- Thurs: Recovery run.
- Fri: Meet day.
- Sat: 5-8 miles.
- Mon: 600-200 with 60 sec rest. Then $4 \times 200$ at 400 M race pace. These are sometimes changed to $4 \times 150$ at 400 M race pace.
- Tues: Recovery run.
- Wed: $8 \times 200$ at 30 sec and 35 sec .
- Thurs: Recovery run.
- Fri: Meet day.
- Sat: 5-8 miles.


## 2 week cycle for post season

- Mon: 300 at $100 \%$. Followed by $3 \times 150$ at $95 \%$.
- Tues: 2 miles then $4 \times 200 \mathrm{M}$. Times specific to State or Regional goal.
- Wed: 3 miles then $4 \times 150$ s at $95 \%$.
- Thurs: 2 miles then $3 \times 150$. Sometimes will run a 200 M time trial.
- Fri: Regional Meet.
- Sat: 3-5 miles.
- Mon: 2 miles then $4 \times 200$ at very race specific pace.
- Tues: 2 miles then $4 \times 150$ at $95 \%$.
- Wed: 2 miles then $3 \times 150$.
- Thurs: 2 miles then 200 M at $100 \%$.
- Fri: State Meet
- Sat: State Meet


## People that influenced my philosophy of training and racing.

| Marvin Smith | Paul Boone | Johnnie Gray |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Errol Logue | Bill Downing | Dan Greene |
| Chris Kornhaus | Rob Harber | Mark Fuchs |
| Carl Oczarzak | Jesse Griffin | Billy Mills |
| Chris McAfee | Van Rose | David Keller |
| Jim Wright | Rod Madden | Jack Daniels |
| Terry Drake | Rick Attig |  |
| David Vaughn | Joe Vigil |  |
| Richard Ebel | Will Freeman |  |
| Mike Spielman | Clyde Hart |  |

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